

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS

Predmet:	Antropologija rodnosti
Course title:	Anthropology of fertility

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Primerjalni študij idej in kultur, doktorski študij 3. stopnje	Antropologija: razumevanje svetotvornih praks	Brez letnika	/
Comparative study of ideas and cultures, doctoral study 3 rd cycle	Anthropology: understanding worldmaking practices	Not specified	/

Vrsta predmeta / Course type: splošno izbirni / general elective

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code: 10

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
60	30				90	6

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer: Izr. prof. dr. Duška Knežević Hočevar

Jeziki / Languages: Predavanja / Lectures: slovenščina, angleščina / Slovenian, English
Vaje / Tutorial: /

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Ni posebnih pogojev.

Prerequisites:

None required.

Vsebina:

1. Zabeležena dejstva prebivalstvenega gibanja 21. stoletja: od prebivalstvene eksplozije k prebivalstveni imploziji:

- padec rodnostnih stopenj povsod po svetu;
- retorika demografske krize;
- posledice nizke rodnosti;
- nizka rodnost "domačinov" in priselitve "tujcev";
- odziv politike in znanosti na družbene posledice nizke rodnosti.

2. Človeška reprodukcija – zagotavljanje kontinuitete posameznika in skupnosti:

- od reprodukcije vladarja k reprodukciji državljanov (biopolitika);
- strah pred preobljudenostjo (Malthus, Darwin, J. Stuart Mill, Spencer, Fiske);

Content (Syllabus outline):

1. Evidence of the population dynamics of the twenty-first century: from the population explosion to the population implosion:

- Dropping of fertility levels worldwide;
- Demographic crisis rhetoric;
- Repercussions of low-level fertility;
- The low fertility of the "domestic" population and immigration of "foreigners";
- The response of politics and science to the social consequences of low fertility.

2. Human reproduction: to assure the continuity of individuals and communities:

- From the reproduction of a ruler to the reproduction of citizens (biopolitics);
- Fear of overpopulation (Malthus, Darwin, J. Stuart Mill, Spencer, Fiske);

- prvi demografski prehod (1850 do 1950) in strah pred prebivalstveno degeneracijo (evgenika, socialni darvinizem, nacionalizmi ob koncu 19. stoletja in kolonializem);
- ideološko ozadje oblikovanja demografije kot znanstvene discipline;
- od opisa k analizi demografskega prehoda (Evropski rodnotni projekt 1963-1979).

3. Demografska antropologija ali demografija onstran števil:

- drugi demografski prehod (1965; padec rodnotnih stopenj pod enostavno obnovo prebivalstva) in večkulturna Evropa (priselitve v šestdesetih letih 20. stoletja);
- predhodniki demografske antropologije;
- antropološka kritika evropocentričnih in evolucionističnih predpostavk teorij demografskega prehoda;
- umestitev rodnotnosti: kultura, zgodovina, spol in oblast v reproduktivnem življenju posameznika (celotna demografija ali demografska antropologija).

4. Antropološki pristopi k preučevanju prebivalstvenega gibanja:

- institucionalizacija antropološke demografije;
- terenske metode antropološke demografije kot prispevek (ne nadomestilo) k demografskim metodam; "opazovati nepričakovano";
- prispevek antropoloških teorij in ne le metod;
- zgledi študij primerov.

5. Etnografije:

- ideologije reprodukcije in "pravilna" stališča o rojstvu in materinstvu;
- materinstvo med tradicijo in modernostjo;
- zgledi etnografij "kolonialnih in postkolonialnih" praks rodnotnega vedenja;
- zgledi etnografij "evropskih" praks rodnotnega vedenja.

- The first demographic transition (1850 to 1950) and fear of the degeneration of the population (eugenics, social Darwinism, nationalisms at the end of the nineteenth century, and colonialism);
- The ideological background of demography as a scientific discipline;
- From description to analysis of demographic transition (the European Fertility Project, 1963–1979).

3. Demographic anthropology or anthropology beyond the numbers:

- The second demographic transition (1965; below replacement level fertility) and multicultural Europe (immigration in the 1960s);
- Precursors to demographic anthropology;
- Anthropological critique of Eurocentric and evolutionary assumptions of demographic transition theories;
- Situating fertility: toward a culture, history, gender, and power in the reproductive life of the individual (holistic demography or demographical anthropology).

4. Anthropological approaches in studying population dynamics:

- Institutionalization of anthropological demography;
- Fieldwork methods in anthropological demography as a contribution to and not a replacement of demographic methodology; "to observe the unexpected";
- The contribution of anthropological theories and not only methods;
- Case studies.

5. Ethnographies:

- Ideologies of human reproduction and "proper" attitudes to birth and maternity;
- Maternity between tradition and modernity;
- Ethnographies on "colonial and postcolonial" experiences of fertility behaviour;
- Ethnographies of the "European" practices of fertility behaviour.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

- Kreager, Philip in Bochow, Astrid (eds.). 2017. Fertility, conjuncture, difference: anthropological approaches to the heterogeneity of modern fertility declines. Oxford, New York: Berghahn Book.
- Douglass, Carrie B. et al. 2005. "Introduction". In: C. B. Douglass (ed.). Barren States: The Population "Implosion" in Europe, Oxford and New York: Berg, pp. 1–28.
- Johnson-Hanks, Jennifer. 2008. Demographic transitions and modernity. *Annual Review of Anthropology*, 37: 301–15.
- Coleman, David. 2006. Immigration and Ethnic Change in Low-Fertility Countries: A Third Demographic Transition. *Population and Development Review*, 32 (3): 401–446.
- Gal Susan in Gail Kligman. 2000. The Politics of Gender After Socialism. A Comparative – Historical Essay, Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton Univ. Press. (Reproduction as Politics: 15-21.)
- Greenhalgh, Susan. 1995. Anthropology theorizes reproduction: Integrating practice, political economic, and feminist perspectives. v: Greenhalgh, Susan, eds., *Situating Fertility. Anthropology and demographic inquiry*: 5-12.
- Van De Kaa, J. Dirk. 1987. Europe's Second Demographic Transition. *Population Bulletin*, 42(1): 3-44.
- Kertzer David I. in Tom Fricke. 1997. Toward an Anthropological Demography. v: Kertzer David I. in Tom Fricke, eds., *Anthropological Demography. Toward a New Synthesis*: 1-20.
- Kreager, Philip (1997). Population and Identity. In: D. I. Kertzer and T. Fricke (eds.). *Anthropological Demography: Toward a New Synthesis*, Chicago & London: The University of Chicago Press, pp. 139–174 (selected pp. 148–174).
- Greenhalgh, Susan. 1995. Anthropology theorizes reproduction: Integrating practice, political economic, and feminist perspectives. v: Greenhalgh, Susan, ed., *Situating Fertility. Anthropology and demographic inquiry*: 12-27.
- Basu, Alaka Malwade in Peter Aaby. 1998. Introduction: Approaches to Anthropological Demography. v: Alaka Malwade Basu in Peter Aaby, eds., *The Methods and Uses of Anthropological Demography*: 1-21.
- Bertaux, Sandrine (2011). Reproduce or perish? The artefact of the fertility concept and the French School of Demography. *Historical Social Research*, 36 (2): 120–139.
- Krause, Elizabeth L. (2006). Dangerous demographics and the scientific manufacture of fear. *The Corner House*, Briefing paper, 36.
- Melegh, Attila (2016). Unequal Exchanges and the Radicalization of Demographic Nationalism in Hungary. *Intersections. East European Journal of Society and Politics*, 2 (4): 87–108.
- Marchesi, Milena (2012). Reproducing Italians: contested biopolitics in the age of 'replacement anxiety'. *Anthropology & Medicine*, 19 (2): 171–188.

Cilji in kompetence:

Ker retorika demografske krize 21. stoletja s pomočjo metafor o "izumiranju razvitega sveta", "smrti naroda", "reproduktivni lenobi mladih" zakriva prepletanje državnih, narodnih, rasnih, etničnih, spolnih in razrednih interesov, bodo študentke in študenti skozi predstavitev kratkega historiatu preučevanja rodnosti in izsledkov, zlasti etnografskih študij, vpeljeni v kompleksno problematiko prebivalstvenega

Objectives and competences:

Using sound metaphors about "dying out of the developed world", "the death of the nation", and the "reproductive laziness of the young generations", the rhetoric of the demographic crisis in the twenty-first century masks intertwined state, national, racial, ethnic, and class interests on the fertility issue. This course introduces students to the history of studying fertility as a constituent part of population

gibanja, tj. rodnosti, smrtnosti in migracij. Slušateljice in slušatelji bodo pridobili bolj poglobljena znanja in vpoglede v presoje in pristope demografske antropologije, ki se vedno bolj uveljavlja prav s presojo teoretično-metodoloških pomanjkljivosti obsežnih empiričnih raziskav.

dynamics: fertility, mortality, and migration. The students obtain insight into the theories and methodologies of demographical anthropology in the context of mainstream demographic approaches.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

- Razumevanje
- t.i. prebivalstvene problematike od teoretizacij Malthusa dalje;
 - teoretizacij t.i. prvega, drugega in tretjega demografskega prehoda in njihove kritike;
 - antropoloških konceptov in teoretizacij demografskega diskurza;
 - antropološke pristope in metodologije preučevanja vsebin, povezanih s prebivalstvenim gibanjem

Intended learning outcomes:

- Understanding of
- 'population issue' since the Malthus's theorization;
 - theorization of the first, second and third demographic transition and their critiques;
 - anthropological concepts and theorization of demographic discourse;
 - anthropological approaches and methodologies of studying themes related to population dynamics

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Oblike dela:**
- Frontalna oblika poučevanja
 - Delo v manjših skupinah oz. v dvojicah
 - Samostojno delo študentov
 - e-izobraževanje
- Metode (načini) dela:**
- Razlaga
 - Razgovor/ diskusija/debata
 - Delo z besedilom
 - Proučevanje primera
 - Igra vlog
 - Druge vrste nastopov študentov
 - Reševanje nalog
 - "Terenske vaje" (npr. obiski podjetij)
 - Vključevanje gostov iz prakse

Learning and teaching methods:

- Types of learning/teaching:**
- Frontal teaching
 - Work in smaller groups or pair work
 - Independent students work
 - e-learning
- Teaching methods:**
- Explanation
 - Conversation/discussion/debate
 - Work with texts
 - Case studies
 - Roleplay
 - Different presentation
 - Solving exercises
 - Field work (e.g. company visits)
 - Inviting guests from companies

Načini ocenjevanja:

Krajši pisni izdelki
Daljši pisni izdelki
Javni nastop ali predstavitev
Končno ocenjevanje (pisni/ustni izpit)
Drugo

Delež (v %) /
Weight (in %)

20
20
60

Assessment:

Short written assignments
Long written assignments
Presentations
Final examination (written/oral)
Other

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

- Cukut Krilić, Sanja, **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**. 2022. Strukturne ranljivosti delavcev migrantov v kmetijstvu. *Glasnik Slovenskega etnološkega društva*, 62 (2), str. 70-80.
- Roy, Philippe, **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**. 2019. Listening to a silent crisis: men's suicide in rural and farming communities in Slovenia. *Revija za socijalnu politiku*, 26 (2), str. 241-254, <http://www.rsp.hr/ojs2/index.php/rsp/issue/view/84>, DOI: 10.3935/rsp.v26i2.1593.
- Cukut Krilić, Sanja, Černič Istenič, Majda, **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**. 2019. Work-life balance among early career researchers in six European countries. V: Murgia, Annalisa (ur.). *Gender and precarious research careers: a comparative analysis*, (Routledge research in gender and society, 74). Abingdon, Oxon; New York, NY: Routledge, str. 145-177.
- **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**, Cukut Krilić, Sanja. 2019. Contestable demographic reasoning regarding labour mobility and migration. *Dve domovini: razprave o izseljenstvu [Št.]* 50, str. 131-146, doi: 10.3986/dd.v2019i50.7462.
- **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**. Philip Kreager & Astrid Bochow (eds). *Fertility, conjuncture, difference: anthropological approaches to the heterogeneity of modern fertility declines*. 345 pp., map, figs, tables, bibliogr. Oxford, New York: Berghahn Books, 2017. £92.00 (cloth). *The Journal of the Royal Anthropological Institute*. June 2019, 25 (2), str. 405-406. DOI: 10.1111/1467-9655.13049.
- Černič Istenič, Majda, **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**. 2018. The organisation of care for older people in rural communities: two case studies from Slovenia. *Sociální studia*, 15 (1), str. 65-81.
- Cukut Krilić, Sanja, **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**, Zavrtnik, Simona. 2018. Improving the comparability of international migration statistics: the case of South-East Europe. V: Rajković Iveta, Marijeta (ur.), Kelemen, Petra (ur.), Župarić-Iljić, Drago (ur.). *Contemporary migration trends and flows on the territory of Southeast Europe*. Zagreb: FF press, str. 13-29.
- **Knežević Hočevar, Duška**. Kako preživeti po doktoratu?: razmislek o mentorstvu. 2017. V: Hofman, Ana (ur.), et al. *Znanost (brez) mladih: zgodnje stopnje znanstvene kariere v Sloveniji skozi perspektivo spola*. 1. izd. Ljubljana: Založba ZRC, ZRC SAZU, Str. 127-157.